Documentation of Land Use Plan Conformance & NEPA Adequacy (DNA)

U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Land Management (BLM)

A. BLM Office: Vernal Utah Field Office

Lease/Serial/Case File No.

Proposed Action Title/Type: Competitive Oil and Gas Leasing

Location of Proposed Action: Duchesne and Uintah Counties, Utah BLM

Description of the Proposed Action: The Bureau of Land Management, Vernal Field Office, recommends the offering of 13 parcels in Duchesne and Uintah Counties, Utah, for oil and gas leasing in a competitive lease sale to be held in February 2006.

The parcels recommended for sale are as follows: UT0206-064, UT0206-065, UT0206-066, UT0206-067 UT0206-068, UT0206-110, and UT0206-111, UT0206-114, UT0206-221, UT0206-224, UT0206-225, UT0206-226, and UT0206-227. Each parcel was reviewed to determine if the existing NEPA analysis is adequate to allow for the inclusion of the parcels in the sale. Resource concerns for each parcel were researched by Vernal Field Office Specialists. A consolidated resource review is included as Attachment 2. The recommended parcels and attached stipulations and lease notices are found in Attachment 1. Additional lease notices have been added to all of the parcels. The leases would be offered as open to leasing, subject to seasonal or other minor constraints, or open to leasing, subject to "no surface occupancy" or other major constraints.

In accordance with Washington Office Instruction Memorandum (WOIM) No. 2002-174, the Endangered Species Act Section 7 Consultation Stipulation has been added to all recommended lease parcels. In accordance with Washington Office Instruction Memorandum (WOIM) No. 2005-003, the Cultural Resources Stipulation has been added to all recommended lease parcels. The Cultural Resource Stipulation states:

"This lease may be found to contain historic properties and/or resources protected under the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), American Indian Religious Freedom Act, Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, E.O. 13007, or other statutes and executive orders. The BLM will not approve any ground disturbing activities that may affect any such properties or resources until it completes its obligations under applicable requirements of the NHPA and other authorities. The BLM may require modification to exploration or development proposals to protect such properties, or disapprove any activity that is likely to result in adverse effects that cannot be successfully avoided, minimized or mitigated."

Attachment 1 of the DNA contains these revisions.

The Proposed Action considered by this DNA is consistent with Washington Office Instruction Memorandum No. 2004-110, Fluid Mineral Leasing and Related Planning and National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) Processes and WOIM No. 2004-110 Change 1.

If a parcel is not taken by competitive bidding, then it may be taken by a non-competitive sale for two (2) years after the competitive offer. A lease may be held for ten (10) years, after which the lease would expire unless oil or gas are produced in paying quantities. A producing lease would be held indefinitely by paying production.

B. Conformance with the Land Use Plan (LUP) and Consistency with Related Subordinate Implementation Plans

LUP Name:

Environmental Analysis Record Oil and Gas Leasing Program Vernal District Office Utah, approved June 1975

Diamond Mountain Resource Area Resource Management Plan and Environmental Impact Statement (DMRMP/EIS), approved December 21, 1994

Book Cliffs Resource Area Resource Management Plan and Environmental Impact Statement (BCRMP/EIS), approved June 3, 1985

The proposed action is in conformance with the applicable LUPs because it is specifically provided for in the following LUP decisions:

- Environmental Analysis Record on page VIII-1 found no significant adverse impacts to the environment from leasing, and recommended that an environmental impact statement was not necessary.
- The Record of Decision (ROD) for the DMRMP/EIS in Chapter 2, on page 2-30 and Appendix 2 identifies those specific lands within the Diamond Mountain Resource Area that are available for leasing. The DRMP/EIS' Appendix 2 contains pertinent stipulations and lease notices.
- The Record of Decision (ROD) for the BCRMP/EIS in Chapter 2, on pages 7 through 24, identifies those specific lands within the Book Cliffs Resource Area that are available for leasing.

C. Identify applicable NEPA document(s) and other related documents that cover the proposed action

List by name and date all applicable NEPA documents that cover the proposed action.

- Diamond Mountain Resource Area Resource Management Plan and Environmental Impact Statement (DMEIS), 1993
- Book Cliffs Resource Area Resource Management Plan and Environmental Impact Statement (BCEIS), 1985
- Environmental Assessment for Oil and Gas Leasing in the Book Cliffs Resource Area, UT-080-89-002, 1988.
- Supplement to Environmental Assessment for Oil and Gas Leasing in the Book Cliffs Resource Area, UT-080-89-002, 1989.
- Draft Vernal Resource Management Plan and Environmental Impact Statement UT-GI-04-001-1610, 2005.

List by name and date other documentation relevant to the proposed action (e.g., source drinking water assessments, biological assessments, biological opinion, watershed assessment, allotment evaluation, rangeland health standard's assessment and determinations, and monitoring report).

REVIEW DATE

Interdisciplinary Team Review November 14, 2005 Attachment 2, Consolidated Resource Review November 21, 2005

D. NEPA Adequacy Criteria

1. Is the current proposed action substantially the same action (or is a part of that action) as previously analyzed?

DNA			
X Yes			
No			
Documentation of answer and explanation:			
Leasing of the lands described in Attachment 1 was analyzed in the Environmental Analysis Record, BCRMP/EIS and the DMRMP/EIS.			
The Environmental Analysis Record in Chapter 3, page III-1described the affected environment. Chapter 4 page IV-1 describes the impacts of the proposed action and other alternatives. It considered both the no leasing and leasing alternatives.			
The BCRMP/EIS, in Chapter 3, page 93, of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) described the affected environment. Chapter 4, page 205, describes the impacts of the proposed action and other alternatives. The ROD, Chapter 2, pages 7 through 24, provides the decision to lease.			
The DMRMP/EIS in Chapter 3 describes the affected environment. Chapter 4 describes the impacts of the proposed action and other alternatives. The ROD for the DMRMP/EIS, in Chapter 2, page 2-30 and Appendix 2, identifies those specific lands within the Diamond Mountain Resource Area that are available for leasing. Appendix 2 contains pertinent stipulations and lease notices.			
The Draft Vernal RMP/EIS in Chapter 3 describes the affected environment. Chapter 4 describes the impacts of the proposed action and other alternatives.			
2. Is the range of alternatives analyzed in the existing NEPA document(s) appropriate with respect to the current proposed action, given current environmental concerns, interests, resource values and circumstances? X Yes			
No			
Documentation of answer and explanation:			
The Environmental Analysis Record analyzed the impacts of oil and gas leasing in the resource area under two alternatives. The two alternatives were leasing and no leasing. The alternatives analyzed and the range of alternatives are still appropriate for this action.			

The BCRMP/EIS analyzed the impacts of oil and gas leasing for all lands in the resource area under four different alternatives. The four alternatives ranged from emphasizing oil and gas exploration and development to minimizing oil and gas exploration and development with varying degrees of exploration and development activities in between and varying stipulations (restrictions) for each alternative. The Current Management Alternative, or No Action Alternative, was also analyzed. The Balanced Use Alternative provided for the development of non-renewable resources while protecting critical surface resources. This alternative was the BLM's Proposed Action and Preferred Alternative. The alternatives analyzed, and the range of alternatives, are still appropriate for this action.

The DMRMP/EIS analyzed the impacts of oil and gas leasing on all lands in the resource area under five different alternatives. The five alternatives ranged from emphasizing oil and gas exploration and development to minimizing oil and gas exploration and development with varying degrees of exploration and development activities in between varying stipulations (restrictions) for each alternative. The No Action Alternative was also analyzed. The Proposed Plan (Alternative E) provided for the development of resources while protecting or

enhancing environmental values. All lands within the resource area are open for leasing and oil and gas development. However, some lands are protected with varying stipulations including No Surface Occupancy. The alternatives analyzed, and the range of alternatives, are still appropriate for this action.

The Draft Vernal RMP/EIS analyzed the impacts of oil and gas leasing in the resource area under four alternatives. The four alternatives ranged from emphasizing oil and gas exploration and development to minimizing oil and gas exploration and development with varying degrees of exploration and development in between and varying stipulations (restrictions) for each alternative. The current management alternative or no action alternative was analyzed. The balanced use alternative provided for the development of non-renewable resources while protecting critical surface resources. This alternative is the BLM's proposed action and preferred alternative. The alternatives analyze, and the range of alternatives, are appropriate for this action.

Documentation of answer and explanation:

No

The Vernal Field Office (VFO) reviewed the preliminary lease parcels through an interdisciplinary (ID) team approach. In order to determine whether to recommend parcels for oil and gas leasing, the following steps must be completed: 1) Review of the preliminary parcels to determine whether they are in conformance and consistent with applicable Land Use Plans (LUPs); 2) Review of the preliminary parcels to determine whether they are adequately covered by the existing environmental documentation and analyzed alternatives; 3) Determine whether there is new, significant information or changed circumstances that would trigger additional NEPA analysis; and, 4) Document thoroughly the process, reasoning, and any recommendations. Resource information provided by agencies or the public has been reviewed by the appropriate resource specialist. Resources typically analyzed in existing NEPA documents include naturalness, primitive and unconfined recreation, special values, water, soils, wildlife, cultural resources, visual resources, etc. Review by the specialist determines if the information provided about resources for preliminary parcels identified to be within BLM wilderness inventories, public wilderness proposals, and nominated Areas of Critical Environmental Concern (ACECs) is new and significant.

The VFO received the draft February 2006 competitive oil and gas lease sale parcel list on October 17, 2005. Copies of the complete list were provided to the interdisciplinary team on October 19, 2005 to complete data review. On November 14, 2005, the ID team of resource specialists, identified in Part E of this DNA, met to review the preliminary lease parcels. As part of the review process, the alternatives analyzed in the Environmental Analysis Record for Oil and Gas Leasing in Vernal, the BCRMP/EIS and the DMRMP/EIS were reviewed for resource impact from oil and gas leasing. Other manuals and policies were reviewed. Some, but not all, of the guidance reviewed includes: The National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended; The American Indian Religious Freedoms Act; The Native American Graves Repatriation Act; BLM Manuals 6840, 8100, 8110 and 8120, Utah BLM Instruction Memorandum No. UT-2003-027, and WOIM No. 2002-174 (which added the Endangered Species Act Section 7 Consultation Stipulation to all recommended lease parcels), WOIM No. 2005-003 (which added the Cultural Stipulation to all recommended lease parcels) and WOIM No. 2004-110 and WOIM No. 2004-110 Change 1 (which clarifies and provides proper application of the Council of Environmental Quality (CEQ) regulations contained in 43 CFR 1506.1 on the implementation of existing RMP decisions during a planning process to amend or revise the RMP).

Individual members of the ID team reached conclusions regarding the adequacy of existing NEPA documentation. The review reports and rationale documented by these specialists are found in Attachment 2. The BLM VFO management then conducted an additional multiple-use review to further consider the significance of new information and circumstances in light of the exiting oil and gas categories, the required stipulations, and the relevance of the information to the Draft Vernal RMP revision. The results of these reviews for the parcels recommended for sale in the February 2006 lease sale are presented below.

The BLM VFO management considered the following to determine if the existing NEPA analysis is adequate for the leasing of the parcels listed in Attachment 1:

- ✓ Environmental Analysis Record
- ✓ The existing BCRMP/EIS and ROD
- ✓ The existing DMRMP/EIS and ROD
- ✓ Applicable laws, regulations and BLM policy
- ✓ Washington Office Instruction Memorandum No. 2004-110 "Fluid Mineral Leasing & Related Planning and NEPA Processes" and WOIM No. 110 Change 1.
- ✓ Interdisciplinary Team Review Attachment 2
- ✓ Leasing categories
- ✓ The Draft Vernal RMP

The Area of Potential Effect is the lease boundary. Of the parcels reviewed, the VFO archaeologist determined that leasing would no adverse effect on cultural resources or historic properties due to regulatory safeguards that are in place to protect significant historic properties, such as: site specific cultural surveys which would be conducted prior to lease development as required by Section 106 of 36 CFR 800 and the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (as amended). Section 106 consultation was begun on October 25, 2005. On November 30, 2005 a response letter was received from SHPO concurring with the finding of not potential to affect. Also, in accordance with Washington Office Instruction Memorandum (WOIM) No. 2005-003, the Cultural Resources Stipulation has been added to all recommended lease parcels.

On October 18, 2005, certified consultation letters were sent to the following Tribes: Confederated Tribes of the Goshute Reservation, Laguna Pueblo Tribe, Santa Clara Pueblo Tribe, Zia Pueblo Tribe, Hopi Tribe, Navajo Nation, Eastern Shoshone Tribe, Northwestern Band of the Shoshone Nation, Ute Indian Tribe, Southern Ute Tribe, White Mesa Ute Tribe, and the Ute Mountain Ute Tribe. The letter requested comments to be provided to the VFO by November 26, 2005. On October 24, 2005 the Laguna Pueblo responded stating that the proposed undertakings will not have an affect on traditional religious or cultural properties. As of November 21, 2005, no other concerns pertaining to leasing of the preliminary parcels have been received. Consultation is considered to be closed.

On October 19, 2005 a letter was sent to Dinosaur National Monument providing an opportunity for the monument to coordinate on any concerns they may have in regards to parcels 224, 225, 226, and 227. A response letter was received on November 15, 2005 expressing concerns regarding visibility of parcel 226 from primary visitor use areas of the park. However, the surface is privately owned so that visual mitigation would be between the surface owner and the successful bidder. The private surface owner was contacted on November 23, 2005 and expressed no concern with the leasing of the parcel.

Of the 13 parcels reviewed, none of the parcels were within a designated Wilderness Study area, or an area determined to have a reasonable probability to contain wilderness characteristics.

Of the 13 parcels reviewed, the following parcels were within the designated Leers Canyon Area of Critical Environmental Concern: 065, 067, 068, 111, and 114. The parcel list in Attachment 1 has lease stipulations such as No Surface Occupancy attached in accordance with the DMRMP. Under alternative A of the Draft Vernal RMP, parcel 068 is in an area with the potential to become part of the Nine Mile ACEC. However, no major

management prescription changes are proposed for the area. Therefore, this parcel can be leased without precluding any options in the Draft Vernal RMP.

A range of recreational opportunities were analyzed in the DMRMP/EIS. Page 3.42 of the Final DMRMP/EIS (1993) states that Recreation Opportunity Spectrum (ROS) classes were established as a result of an inventory conducted in 1980, and updated in 1990. The ROS is divided into the following 6 classes, listed in order of importance from high to low: primitive; semi-primitive non-motorized; semi-primitive motorized; roaded natural; rural; and, modern urban. Page 77 of the Final BCRMP/EIS (1984) states that dispersed recreation opportunities would continue to be provided for the public. Page 217 of the Final BCRMP/EIS states that under the Balanced Use Alternative, there would be sufficient undeveloped areas to accommodate the increase in dispersed outdoor recreation activities. As a component of naturalness, visual resources were analyzed on page 153 of the Final BCRMP/EIS, which states that many projects would have short-term impacts (3 to 5 years) that may exceed the management objectives for a particular VRM class. These impacts would not be considered significant, provided the projects conform to management objectives in the long-term (10-20 years) following implementation. Page 2.18 of the Final DMRMP/EIS (1993) states that the resource area was classified for VRM in 1979. The policy was to design all visual intrusions to maintain or enhance the areas designated VRM classification. All parcels were reviewed to make sure that applicable lease notices and stipulations relating to recreation, as identified in the BCROD and DMROD, were attached to the parcels.

Surface specialists took a hard look at special status species and wildlife. The Utah BLM statewide sensitive species list (Instruction Memorandum No. UT. 2003-027) was used to identify sensitive species. The Endangered Species Act Section 7 Consultation Stipulation, as directed in the Washington Office Instruction Memorandum No. 2002-174, has been added to each parcel to provide protection for special status species. In addition, specific lease notices have been added to each parcel where special status species are likely to be encountered. Management concludes after review of the existing LUP and Attachment 2, that the NEPA is adequate for the leasing of the parcels as shown in Attachment 1.

Consultation with the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) was initiated by the BLM Vernal Field office on November 22, 2005. A letter was received from FWS on December 9, 2005 stating that they concur with Vernal's finding of not likely to adversely affect: Ute ladies-tresses, Uintah Basin hookless cactus, shrubby reed-mustard, bald eagle, Mexican spotted owl, Colorado pikeminnow, humpback chub, bonytail, razorback sucker, and designated critical habitat for the four endangered Colorado River fish.

After careful consideration of the above-listed information, it has been determined that the existing NEPA analysis is adequate for leasing of the parcels identified in Attachment 1. The prescriptions identified as stipulations and lease notices attached to each parcel will provide adequate protection for the resources reviewed. Also, applicable laws and policies provide additional protection.

	ne methodology and analytical approach used in the existing NEPA document(s) continue to be riate for the current proposed action?
<u>X</u>	Yes
	No

Documentation of answer and explanation:

The methodology and approach used in the analysis of all alternatives for the Environmental Analysis Record, BCRMP/EIS, DMRMP/EIS, and Vernal Draft RMP/EIS identified under Part D.2, are still appropriate for the

current proposed action. The methods of extractions, land requirements for exploration and development have not changed substantially since the documents were completed.

Assumptions made in the 1985 Reasonably Foreseeable Development (RFD) Scenario and analyzed in the EIS associated with the BCRMP are still valid. The BCRMP/EIS analyzed impacts of up to 480 acres of new surface disturbance per year from wells being drilled outside existing units and field development project areas. The DMRMP/EIS analyzed five (5) oil and gas exploration regions in the RFD Scenario that is still valid. The RFD forecasted drilling of 470 wells per year outside existing units and field development project areas. The DMRMP/EIS analyzed impacts from the drilling of the wells on the parcels recommended for leasing. The RFD for the DMRMP/EIS has not been exceeded. The Draft Vernal RMP/EIS analyzed impacts of approximately 6300 wells over a 15 year period. This RFD scenario is still valid.

5. Are the direct and indirect impacts of the current proposed action substantially unchanged from those identified in the existing NEPA document(s)? Does the existing NEPA document(s) sufficiently analyze site-

specific impacts related to the current proposed action? X Yes
No
Documentation of answer and explanation:
Impacts from the current proposed leasing and subsequent drilling activities would be basically the same as those analyzed in the EISs associated with the BCRMP, DMRMP, and Vernal Draft RMP/EIS. This is because the proposed action is essentially the same and the existing resource conditions and values have not changed since analysis in the EISs. The EISs used a somewhat general analysis of impacts, but these were tied to specific resources and values as present in the specific areas. Leasing categories were established dependent on resources and values in particular areas and stipulations were designed for each of these categories to protect these resources and values. The RFDs further defined expected impacts to specific exploration and production regions. These analyses are therefore site specific and allow specific location and identification of potential impacts of the current leasing proposal.
Intation of answer and explanation: from the current proposed leasing and subsequent drilling activities would be basically the same as those in the EISs associated with the BCRMP, DMRMP, and Vernal Draft RMP/EIS. This is because the action is essentially the same and the existing resource conditions and values have not changed since in the EISs. The EISs used a somewhat general analysis of impacts, but these were tied to specific as and values as present in the specific areas. Leasing categories were established dependent on resources es in particular areas and stipulations were designed for each of these categories to protect these resources es. The RFDs further defined expected impacts to specific exploration and production regions. These are therefore site specific and allow specific location and identification of potential impacts of the current proposal. You conclude without additional analysis or information that the cumulative impacts that would om implementation of the current proposed action are substantially unchanged from those analyzed isting NEPA document(s)? Yes No Intation of answer and explanation: seed in the answers to Questions 4 and 5 above, the EISs and RFDs for the BCRMP, DMRMP and Draft the LMP/EIS addressed reasonably foreseeable impacts based on a reasonably foreseeable level of oil and gas leasing as the Question 4. Because the reasonably foreseeable level of oil and gas activity analyzed previously is
No
Documentation of answer and explanation:
As discussed in the answers to Questions 4 and 5 above, the EISs and RFDs for the BCRMP, DMRMP and Draft Vernal RMP/EIS addressed reasonably foreseeable impacts based on a reasonably foreseeable level of oil and gas activity. This included analysis of the potential collective and cumulative impacts of oil and gas leasing as discussed in Question 4. Because the reasonably foreseeable level of oil and gas activity analyzed previously is still appropriate and additional connected, cumulative, or similar actions are not anticipated; potential cumulative

7. Are the public involvement and interagency review associated with existing NEPA document(s) adequate

impacts are substantially unchanged from those analyzed in the EISs and RFDs.

for the current proposed action? YES.

X Yes

No

Documentation of answer and explanation:

The public involvement and interagency review procedures and findings made through the development of the Environmental Analysis Record, Diamond Mountain Resource Area RMP/EIS, the Book Cliffs Resource Area RMP/EIS, and the Vernal Draft RMP/EIS are adequate for the proposed lease sale. During the development of the documents listed above, public workshops and meetings and public comments were received. All comments were responded to in the finalized documents.

E. Interdisciplinary Analysis: Identify those team members conducting or participating in the preparation of this worksheet.

Name	Title	Resource Represented
Kim Bartel	Outdoor Recreation Planner	Recreation, VRM, Wilderness
		Areas, Wilderness Study Areas,
		Wilderness Concerns, ACECs
Stephanie Howard	Environmental Coordinator	Environmental Justice, Air
		Quality
Holly Villa	Natural Resource Specialist	LUP review, farmlands
Amy Torres	Wildlife Biologist	Special Status Animal Species,
		Wildlife,
John Mayers	Geologist	Paleontology
Jean Nitschke-Sinclear	Asst. Field Mgr, Renewable	Water Quality
	Resources	
Blaine Phillips	Archaeologist	Cultural Resources, Native
		American Religious Concerns,
Merlin Sinfield	Engineering Technician	Hazardous and Solid Wastes
Robert Specht	Natural Resource Specialist	Special Status Plant Species,
		Invasive, Non-native Plant
		Species
Dylan Tucker	Natural Resource Specialist	Soils, Watershed
Karl Wright	Natural Resource Specialist	Floodplains, Wetlands, Riparian

The results of the ID team reviews are documented in Attachment 2.

F. Mitigation Measures: List any applicable mitigation measures that were identified, analyzed, and approved in relevant LUPs and existing NEPA document(s). List the specific mitigation measures or identify an attachment that includes those specific mitigation measures. Document that these applicable mitigation measures must be incorporated and implemented.

The parcels recommended for leasing are listed in Attachment 1 with applicable mitigation measures.

CONCLUSIONS

Based on the review documented above, I conclude that:

Plan Conformance:

This proposal conforms to the applicable land use plan.

☐ This proposal does not conform to the applicable land use plan

Determination of NEPA Adequacy

The existing NEPA documentation fully covers the proposed action and constitutes BLM's compliance with the requirements of NEPA.

The existing NEPA documentation does not fully cover the proposed action. Additional NEPA documentation is needed if the project is to be further considered.

Signature of the Responsible Official

12/12/2005

Date^{*}

Attachments – 2

Attachment 1, Vernal Preliminary Parcel List

Attachment 2, Consolidated Resource Review